Last reviewed: November 2023 Last revised: November 2023 To be reviewed: November 2026

Conflict of Interest Management Policy

POLICY STATEMENT

To ensure the highest integrity and public confidence in our activities, Dietitians Australia requires individuals to disclose any circumstances that could give rise to a potential or perceived conflict of interest related to the work undertaken by Dietitians Australia.

People are selected for involvement in formulating policy and professional approaches to their profession because they have expertise and interest in the process or outcome. A conflict of interest can occur when there is a risk or a perceived risk, that their professional judgement on the primary activity (for Dietitians Australia) may be unduly influenced by their secondary interest, which can include: their current professional role, current research, position in an organisation paid or voluntary, financial gain or an association or relationship they have with people or organisations of persuasion that could influence their judgment.

All relevant interests should be declared, acknowledged and managed. However, this does not necessarily preclude involvement in a particular Dietitians Australia activity.

SCOPE

This policy applies to any person/s:

- ① holding a position as Director on the Dietitians Australia Board
- ① on a committee of the Dietitians Australia Board
- ① on a working party
- ① on the leadership team of an Interest Group (IG) or Branch
- Tepresenting Dietitians Australia in the media, on groups and/or all other committees, or presenting on behalf of the Organisation. leading and/or participating in Dietitians Australia activities including but not limited to submissions, events, CPD course development and delivery employed by Dietitians Australia as a staff member or contractor

The management of conflict of interest for the wider membership in their daily practice is addressed in the Dietitians Australia Code of Professional Conduct.

The management of conflict of interest in relation to Dietitians Australia corporate partnerships or sponsorship of Dietitians Australia activities is documented in the Dietitians Australia Corporate Partnerships and Sponsorship Policy.



DEFINITIONS

For the application of this policy the following broad definitions have been applied.

Term	Definition	
Interest	Being employed by or acting as a consultant to an entity, being a director on a board, being a member of an entity, receiving funding for research or other support for activities, or receiving payment for services.	
Conflict of interest	a. A person in a position of trust is required to exercise judgment or make representation on behalf of others and who also has interests or involvements that could weaken a decision process or could interfere with their ability to be fair or impartial in negotiations.	
	 A person gains personal benefit from the decisions or actions that they may take on behalf of the organisation they represent at the time of decision making. 	
	c. A situation where loyalties and obligations may be compromised because of self-interest or other imperatives.	
Actual conflict of interest	Exists when acting on behalf of the group or organisation the outcome or advantage will go directly to the person or an external party.	
Potential conflict of interest	Means circumstances may arise where a conflict of interest may occur.	
Perceived conflict of interest	Occurs where a person's employment, beliefs or affiliations may be seen by others to compromise independent judgement.	
Recuse	To declare yourself to be, or to render somebody, disqualified to judge something or participate in something because of possible bias or personal interest.	
Group	Dietitians Australia Board, Interest Group leadership team, Discussion Group leadership team, Engagement and Development Committee, working group, or committee.	
Dietitians Australia activity	Including but not limited to professional development event or resource, or networking event, advocacy submission or spokesperson statement.	

Despite there being no evidence of improper actions, a conflict of interest can create an appearance of impropriety that can undermine confidence in the ability of that person to act properly and in the best interest of the organisation.

When a conflict of interest exists or is perceived to exist it must be managed. There are several ways of managing conflict of interest and they depend on the degree of risk, real and perceived. Diversity and differences of opinion do not constitute a conflict of interest when based on scientific or other evidence.



POLICY GUIDELINES

Reporting and documentation

- 1. It is the responsibility of all members and staff to declare any relevant interest to the appropriate person, in a timely manner. Not all interests are relevant especially those of a social or recreational nature except for board members where any other directorship or executive role must be identified. These must be recorded in writing.
- 2. If a member's situation changes throughout the activity, they should declare any changes to conflict of interest.
- 3. All Directors of Dietitians Australia will sign a 'Consent to Act as a Director' form on appointment to the Board. The Chief Executive Officer will check these declarations to identify potential conflicts and maintain files.
- 4. All Board, Council, Committee, IG and EDC and DG agendas will contain a standing item 'Declaration of Interest'. It is the responsibility of the Chairperson or convenor to manage any identified conflict.
- 5. It is the responsibility of all participants to identify any actual or potential conflicts regarding agenda items and declare them at the commencement of the meeting. Declarations must be recorded in writing by email, using the Dietitians Australia member communications platform and/or minuted at any relevant meeting. The record must describe what the conflicts were, and the strategy used to manage each of them.
- 6. All members applying to represent Dietitians Australia on external bodies will sign a Declaration of Interest Form (see <u>Appendix A</u>) as part of the selection process. They must also declare any new interest or conflict arising during the course of their representation (see Representation: Roles and Responsibility policy and Spokespersons policy). No member or external representative is permitted to reference themselves as a spokesperson of Dietitians Australia.
- 7. All Dietitians Australia contracts, including employment contracts, will contain clauses covering conflict of interest. The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for managing this sector.
- 8. All requests for Endorsement of materials by Dietitians Australia will contain a Declaration of Interest.
- 9. Any formal external relationship in which Dietitians Australia engages (partnership, sponsorship, alliance, joint project) will be clearly and openly declared.
- 10. All presenters at Dietitians Australia conferences, presenters at Dietitians Australia events and CAL courses, and members of Dietitians Australia committees, working groups, Interest Group leadership teams, Discussion Group leadership teams, Engagement and Development Committees and the Board must complete a Declaration of Interest form (Appendix A) on their appointment and each time a change in interests occurs.



- 11. All members participating in policy and advocacy activities must complete a specific online Declaration of Interest Form for each activity (Appendix B).
- 12. Including a statement about management of conflicts of interest in the final output of the activity (examples in <u>Appendix C</u>).

Chairing

- 13. The role of the Chairperson is critical in giving guidance and direction and should be free of all possible conflicts of interest. The Chair does not need to be an expert on the group's core business but should be able to have a general understand of the content.
- 14. Should the Chairperson (including the President) identify a conflict of interest they must relinquish the role of chair to another member of the committee for the discussion of that item and not participate in drafting or approving recommendations.

Participation

- 15. If an actual conflict is identified the member will not vote on any decision regarding that agenda item and may be asked or choose to refrain from discussing the item or remove themselves from the meeting.
- 16. If an actual or potential conflict of interest is identified by others it should be reported to the appropriate committee Chairperson or Dietitians Australia staff member. If the issue cannot be managed, the person in question may be asked to step down from their role.
- 17. Groups should aim for the majority of members to be free from a conflict of interest, perceived or real.
- 18. Persons presenting at Dietitians Australia Conferences or CPD events must declare any material support (grants, scholarships, assistance with travel) from external parties and commercial interests (other than one's immediate employer/s) that may represent actual or potential conflicts of interest with regard to their presentation. This will be identified in the abstracts and conference program.
- 19. Should a person be unwilling to resolve an issue of conflict of interest the Board will make the final decision as to the continuation of that person's appointment.
- 20. Failure to disclose major conflict of interest may result in the conflicted member being removed from the group and the activity output to be re-evaluated, depending on stage of development.



EXAMPLE SCENARIOS FOR MANAGING CONFLICT OF INTEREST

Scenario 1 - Representing Dietitians Australia

A Dietitians Australia member is providing comment to the media on behalf of the organisation. They are employed by the food industry or work as a brand ambassador. This person must declare an **interest**. There may be a **potential conflict of interest**. Should they be asked to speak on an issue regarding a particular food group related to their place of work, they may find it difficult to separate the interests of Dietitians Australia and their workplace expectations.

Management: If there is another member who is equally qualified but does not have the same potential for conflict of interest then they would be the first choice to provide comment. If the member has a perceived or real conflict of interest, then they cannot provide comment on behalf of Dietitians Australia. If a suitable, alternate spokesperson cannot be arranged, consideration may be undertaken for the member to provide comment as an individual Accredited Practising Dietitian (not under a spokesperson capacity), depending on risk versus benefit of undertaking the opportunity.

Scenario 2 - Serving on internal committees

A member of a Dietitians Australia committee or working party is employed by contracts to or whose research is supported by a company, NGO, university or government department who might also have an interest in issues that the committee may be working on from time to time. The external organisation may or may not act on their interest in the issue (for example, preparing a submission in response to public consultation) and any action may be unknown to the Dietitians Australia member. The external organisation's views on the issue/s may be consistent or inconsistent with Dietitians Australia views.

Management: Any potential conflict of interest is reviewed to determine whether input would enhance or diminish the Dietitians Australia response. Where feasible, the work should be completed by staff or a member with expertise in the issue and without a conflict of interest. Engagement with the member may still take place via consultation on specific questions.

If the external organisation is also engaging in the activity and has a view inconsistent with Dietitians Australia, the member should be excluded from any decision making on Dietitians Australia standpoint.

Scenario 3 - Personal financial gain

A member working on a committee to organise a large CPD event is offered free personal accommodation at the venue. If the offer is accepted this is an **actual conflict of interest**.

Management: The member must declare the offer to the committee and the EDC or Dietitians Australia Staff. Since the offer may be to the potential benefit of Dietitians Australia, the conference organising committee may decide to utilise the offer to offset costs by accommodating speakers or used as a prize for delegates. However, the Committee Chairperson must assure themselves there is no quid pro quo conflict of interest and the decision must be minuted and declared.

Scenario 4 - Commercial interests



A member or other professional is invited to give a presentation at a CPD event or conference being organised by Dietitians Australia or one of its committees or IGs. The speaker has commercial interests from which they are currently making financial gain or may make financial gain in the future. These commercial interests are related to the topic on which they will be presenting at the event/seminar/conference. This is a **potential conflict of interest**.

Management: Organiser/s of CPD events and conferences held under the auspices of Dietitians Australia will request speakers to declare any commercial interests that represent actual or potential conflicts with their presentation, prior to the event. Speakers (whether a Dietitians Australia member or not) should provide details of the commercial interests to the event organiser/s upon request. Organisers should ensure that these are identified in the abstracts and conference program; and if there is no formal written program it must be verbally declared at the commencement of the presentation.



Appendix A - DECLARATION OF INTEREST FORM

First Name:	Last Name:	
Name of business (if applica	ble):	
Please list the names of orga	nisations or activities you are associated with	both paid and voluntary:
Employment / Consultant Fees		
Honoraria/Fees for Service		
Advisory/Steering Committee Appointments		
Investigator-Initiated Research Grants		
Travel/conference assistance		
Other		
in this area ② adhere to the Die	Australia immediately should there be any cha	
Dietitians Australia Activity	or group memberships	Date



Appendix B - DECLARATION OF INTEREST FORM (POLICY)

This is a Microsoft ONLINE FORM. Example below.

Introduction

To ensure the highest integrity and public confidence in our activities, Dietitians Australia requires individuals to disclose any circumstances that could give rise to an actual or perceived conflict of interest related to the work undertaken by Dietitians Australia.

This includes any interest that may affect, or may reasonably be perceived to affect, the objectivity or independence, that is, employment and/or consulting to/with the food marketing, manufacturing or retail industry, research support, investment interests, intellectual property and /or other incentives including conference or travel expenses <u>during the past four years</u>.¹

When completing this Declaration of Interest form, answering 'yes' to a question on this form does not automatically disqualify you or limit your engagement with Dietitians Australia. Your answers will be reviewed to determine whether the interests you disclosed constitute a conflict and whether measures are required to manage the disclosure.

Title:
First name:
Last name:
Organisation or Affiliation:
Email:
Engagement type with Dietitians Australia: [tick box]
 ⇒ Submission ⇒ Policy Statement/Paper ⇒ Event (Advocacy insight, tutorial, other) ⇒ Other-please specify
Title of the activity marked above:
Employment, consulting and research: (Please circle)

 Are you currently or in the past four years have you been employed by, or consulted to any relevant industries, including but not limited to the food marketing, manufacturing, or retail industry? Y/N

¹ The World Health Organization Ethics and Declaration of Interest Policy 2014. Available from: https://www.who.int/about/ethics/declarations-of-interest



For Y-add details:

2. Are you currently or have you in the past four years received any in-kind or financial support (i.e. grant, bursary, scholarship, payment for travel or living expenses) from any relevant industries, including but not limited to the food marketing, manufacturing, or retail industry? Y/N

For Y-add details

Investment interests (personal financial gain):

3. Within the past four years, have you had investments (valued at more than AUD 10,000 overall, excluding superannuation funds) in any relevant industries, including but not limited to the food marketing, manufacturing, or retail industry? Y/N

For Y-add details

Intellectual property (commercial interest):

4. Do you, or any entity with whom you are affiliated, have any intellectual property rights that might be enhanced or diminished by the outcome of the consultation you will participate in for Dietitians Australia? Y/N

For Y-add details

Please note any other paid or voluntary activities that are relevant to this activity. This includes activities such as committee or advisory roles.

I declare this is an accurate declaration of my interests and I will inform the policy team if there are any changes to my circumstances while engaged in this work. Y/N

I agree to adhere to the Dietitians Australia Conflict of Interest Management Policy. Y/N



Appendix C - EXAMPLE OF DECLARATION OF INTEREST STATEMENTS

Example 1 - Advocacy submission

This submission was prepared by the Dietitians Australia members following the Conflict of Interest Management Policy and process approved by the Board of Dietitians Australia. This policy can be viewed on the <u>Dietitians Australia website</u>. The membership is comprised of Dietitians Australia members with wide ranging expertise in areas including XX.

Example 2 - Professional development webinar

Dr Apple's research is funded by OrgX. OrgX was not involved in the development of this webinar. This webinar does not represent the views of OrgX.